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What is claimed is:

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1. A system for optically inspecting and evaluating a sample, the system comprising:

a concave spherical mirror positioned to collect light reflected from a measurement spot on the sample surface; and

a convex spherical mirror positioned to receive and collimate the light collected by the concave spherical mirror with the convex and concave spherical mirrors positioned to be mutually non-obscuring.

- 2. A system as recited in claim 1 in which the concave spherical mirror is fabricated as an off-axis section of a first spherical mirror and the convex spherical mirror is fabricated as an off-axis section of a second spherical mirror with the concave and convex spherical mirrors positioned to be substantially monocentric.
 - 3. A system for optically inspecting and evaluating a sample, the system comprising:

a concave spherical mirror positioned to project a probe beam onto the sample surface; and

a convex spherical mirror positioned to redirect the probe beam towards the concave spherical mirror, with the convex and concave spherical mirrors positioned to be mutually non-obscuring.

4. A system as recited in claim 3 in which the concave spherical mirror is fabricated as an off-axis section of a first spherical mirror and the convex spherical mirror is fabricated as an off-axis section of a second spherical mirror with the concave and convex spherical mirrors positioned to be substantially monocentric.

5.	A system for optically inspecting and evaluating a sample, the system
comprising:	

a concave off-axis paraboloid mirror positioned to collect and to collimate light reflected from a measurement spot on the sample surface at a substantially normal angle of reflection; and

a flat mirror positioned to receive and redirect the light collected by the paraboloid mirror with the paraboloid and flat mirrors positioned to be mutually non-obscuring.

6. A system for optically inspecting and evaluating a sample, the system comprising:

a concave off-axis paraboloid mirror positioned to project a probe beam onto the sample surface with a substantially normal angle of incidence; and

a flat mirror positioned to redirect the probe beam towards the paraboloid mirror, with the paraboloid and flat mirrors positioned to be mutually non-obscuring.

- 7. A method of optically inspecting and evaluating a sample, the method comprising the steps of:
 - (a) illuminating the sample with a probe beam;
 - (b) gathering a portion of the probe beam reflected by a measurement spot on the sample surface with a concave spherical mirror;
 - (c) collimating light gathered by the concave spherical mirror with a convex spherical mirror with the concave and convex spherical mirrors positioned to be mutually non-obscuring; and
 - (d) analyzing the collimated light to evaluate the sample.
- 8. A method as recited in claim 7 in which the concave spherical mirror is fabricated as an off-axis section of a first spherical mirror and the convex spherical mirror is fabricated as an off-axis section of a second spherical mirror with the concave and convex spherical mirrors positioned to be substantially monocentric.

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- 9. A method of optically inspecting and evaluating a sample, the method comprising the steps of:
 - (a) illuminating a convex spherical mirror with a probe beam; and
- (b) focusing the probe beam reflected by the convex spherical mirror on the
 sample with a concave spherical mirror, with the concave and convex spherical
 mirrors positioned to be mutually non-obscuring.
 - 10. A method as recited in claim 9 in which the concave spherical mirror is fabricated as an off-axis section of a first spherical mirror and the convex spherical mirror is fabricated as an off-axis section of a second spherical mirror with the concave and convex spherical mirrors positioned to be substantially monocentric.
 - 11. A method of optically inspecting and evaluating a sample, the method comprising the steps of:
 - (a) illuminating the sample with a probe beam;
 - (b) gathering and collimating a portion of the probe beam reflected by a measurement spot on the sample surface at a substantially normal angle of reflection with a concave off-axis paraboloid mirror;
 - (c) redirecting light gathered by the concave off axis paraboloid mirror with a flat mirror with the paraboloid and flat mirrors positioned to be mutually non-obscuring; and
 - (d) analyzing the collimated light to evaluate the sample.
- 12. A method of optically inspecting and evaluating a sample, the method comprising the steps of:
 - (a) illuminating a flat mirror with a probe beam; and
 - (b) focusing the probe beam reflected by the flat mirror on the sample at a substantially normal angle of incidence with a concave off-axis paraboloid mirror, with the paraboloid and flat mirrors positioned to be mutually non-obscuring.

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- 13. An objective for normal incidence broadband reflectometry in which all optical components are reflective and in which there is no central obscuration.
 - 14. An objective as recited in claim 13 that further comprises:

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a concave spherical mirror positioned to collect light reflected from a measurement spot on the surface; and

a convex spherical mirror positioned to receive and collimate the light collected by the concave spherical mirror with the convex and concave spherical mirrors positioned to be mutually non-obscuring.

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15. An objective as recited in claim 14 in which the concave spherical mirror is fabricated as an off-axis section of a first spherical mirror and the convex spherical mirror is fabricated as an off-axis section of a second spherical mirror with the concave and convex spherical mirrors positioned to be substantially monocentric.

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16. An objective as recited in claim 13 that further comprises:

a concave off-axis paraboloid mirror positioned to collect and to collimate light reflected from a measurement spot on the surface of a sample at a substantially normal angle of reflection; and

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a flat mirror positioned to receive and redirect the light collected by the paraboloid mirror with the paraboloid and flat mirrors positioned to be mutually non-obscuring.